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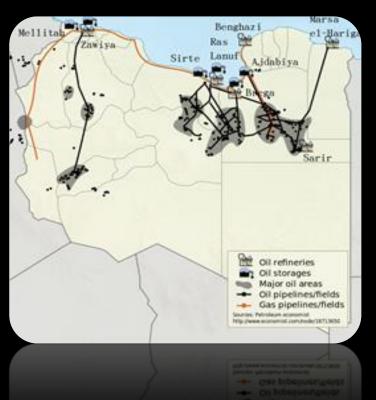


Target Exploration

### Non-exclusive ED&P Databases on Libya

#### **TARDB-5: Structural Traps vs. Stratigraphic and Combination Traps in Libya**

- Some of the earliest giant onshore oil discoveries in Libya were in fractured and weathered igneous, volcanic and metamorphic Basement reservoirs, such as the giant Augila-Nafoora (Esso, 1956), Amal (Mobil, 1959) oilfields.
- However, fractured reservoir prospects were neglected following the discovery of huge oil reserves in clastic Cretaceous reservoirs at Sarir C (BP, 1961); carbonate reef build-ups at Intisar A and D (Oxy, 1967) and in



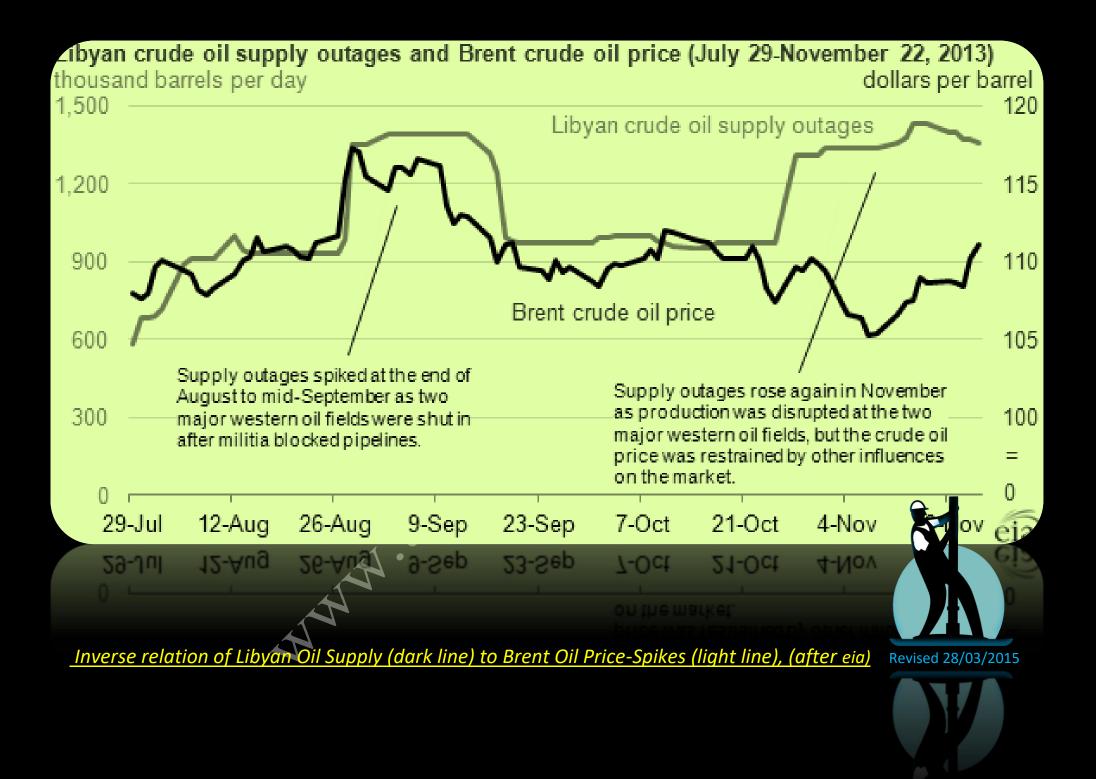
combination trap at the giant Messlah Oilfield (3BB STBOIIP, BP, 1971).

- Recent stratigraphic combination traps discoveries 5R1-59 and 6JJ1-59 (3.2 BB STBOIIP, Waha, 2008) in southeast and northwest of the 1961-discovered giant Gialo Oilfield indicates the presence of prospective stratigraphic traps below shallow early giant fields.
- The intermittently investigated <u>fractured reservoir</u> and <u>stratigraphic traps</u> in Sirte Basin and other Libya basins could hold massive undiscovered hydrocarbon reserves.
- For every oil company, there is list of small field, produced via one or two wells then left shut in and put at end of work over list when their production declines. Careful examination of Libyan producing fields will reveal shut-down fields awaiting development.
- Hydrodynamic flow was studied by Esso (Exxon) in Sirte Basin, utilised by BOCO in Murzuk Basin, proven and published by Sonatrach at the F6 reservoir at Tin Fouyé-Tabankort area, NW Illizi Basin of Algeria. Hydrodynamic trapping, hydrodynamic O/WC tilting and structurally modified diagenetic (frozen-in) hydrocarbon traps are rarely investigated now in Libya; they constitute exploration targets, and may explain some "<u>un-discovery wells"</u>.

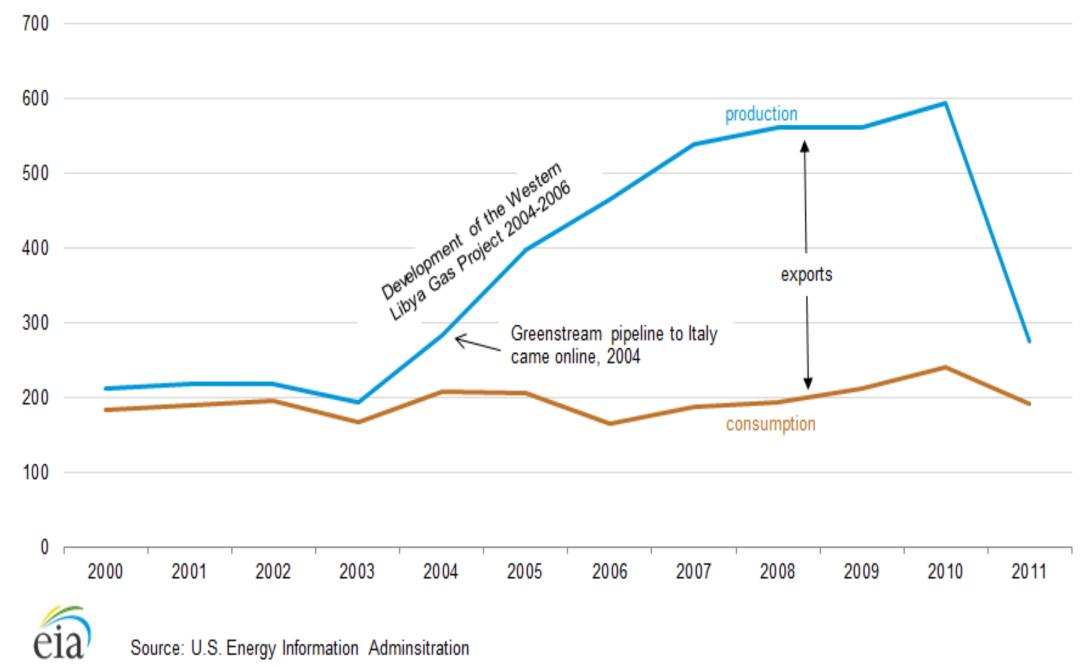
#### TARDB-5: Target Exploration secured access to an Atlas of 108 Oil and Gas Fields of Libya

For information or to order your copy, contact:

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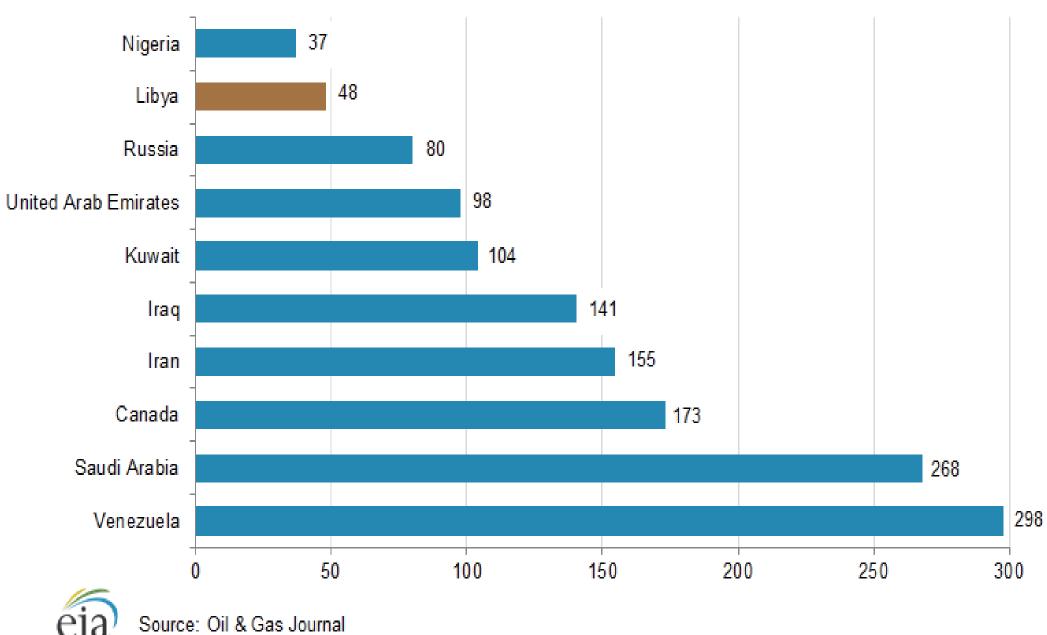


# Libya's dry natural gas production, consumption, and exports, 2000-2011 billion cubic feet



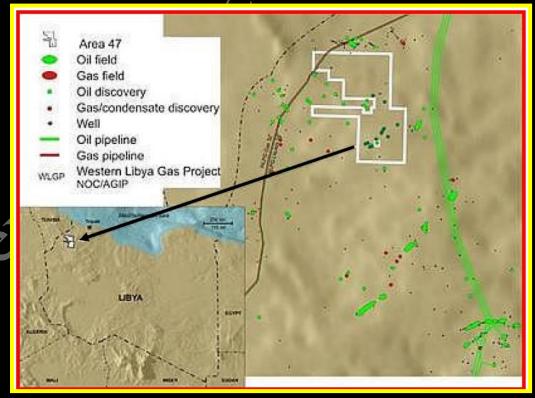
### The world's top 10 holders of proven crude oil reserves, 2013

billion barrels



## Another Oil & Gas Discovery in Libya

- Delineation Well O2 of Area 47, Ghadames
  Basin, NW Libya was spudded on 23 May
  2014 and drilled to a TD of 10,780 feet.
- Initial tests demonstrated the well flowing
  3,300 barrels of oil per day and 140,000
  standard cubic feet per day of gas through
  48/64 inch Choke from the Silurian Lower
  Akakus sandstone Formation.
- The O2 well location that lie outside reservoir closing contour proved the



existence of stratigraphic element that may have connection to multiple structures in the area.

- The discovery of O2 well and P2 well in last July 2014 again proved the prolific hydrocarbon area of Ghadames Basin in Area 47, where large oil and gas reserves was discovered with a 90 percent exploration success rate (18 out 20 exploration wells discovered oil and gas).
- Furthermore, on 17 September 2014 the Libyan Government declared commerciality of B, C and J structures in Area 47.
- Medco Energi, with partners Libyan National Oil Corporation (NOC) and Libyan Investment Authority (LIA) will commence development of the O field along with the cluster of A, D and F fields, previously declared commercial in 2011.
- Estimated Oil and Gas recoverable reserves in A, D, F and O fields are 250 MMBOE. Total recoverable Oil and Gas reserves including B, C and J Fields is not known (after Medco).

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